suggested no size limit, an eight-inch limit, and/or a 10-inch size. The proposal of seven inches was advanced because biologically it will permit one breeding season to occur before the fish reaches the harvest size.

Another suggestion recommended creeling the first five fish caught regardless of size, thereby curtailing fish kill losses from excessive handling. Studies have concluded that in practice, fishermen are reluctant to keep smaller fish and continue to catch and trade fish in their creel, thereby negating the concept.

Several respondents and one organization recommended the adoption of specific regulations tailored to the characteristics of particular streams or a set of streams, pointing out that several streams represent a better fishery than others. However, specialized regulations for selected streams negates the general objective of simplicity of regulations and complicates law enforcement compliance efforts. The suggestion may merit further study because water and habitat quality do vary on park streams. The option of designating experimental waters has been retained in the regulation changes and will provide a vehicle by which this suggestion can be further investigated in the future.

There were several common interested in many of the comments received. The relief from overly complicated regulations was greatly appreciated; there was a perceived need to increase education and law enforcement efforts with the institution of the new changes; the prohibition against brook trout fishing was reaffirmed, as was the restriction against use of any bait other than lures and flies.

A monitoring regime has been established to measure and evaluate the effects of these regulations. This ensures a data base from which sound management decisions and regulation adjustments can be made as the need is identified.

Drafting Information

The author of this regulation is Stuart E. Coleman, Great Smoky Mountains National Park.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule does not contain information collection requirements which require approval by the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.

Compliance with Other Laws

Pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332), the Service has prepared an environmental assessment on this rule, which is available at the address noted above. The determination was made that the action will not result in any significant environmental impact.

The Department of Interior has determined that this document is not a "major rule" under Executive Order 12291 and certifies that this document would not have a "significant economic effect on a substantial number of small entities" under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.). With the liberalization of fishing regulations a small increase in use can be expected. The resulting increase may have positive effects on surrounding stores and establishments selling supplies, licenses and services sought by anglers. However, the net benefit is estimated to be very minor in overall effect.

Authority

Sec. 3, Act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535 as amended; 16 U.S.C. 3).

List of Subject in 36 CFR Part 7 National parks.

PART 7—[AMENDED]

In consideration of the foregoing, § 7.14 of Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, is amended to include revision of paragraphs (a) (4), (6), (7) and (8); removal of (a) (9) and (10); and redesignation of (a) (11) as (a) (9) (reprinted for the convenience of the reader) as follows:

§ 7.14 Great Smoky Mountains National Park.

(a) * * *

(4) Season. Open all year for rainbow and brown trout, smallmouth bass, and redeye (rockbass). All other fish are protected and may not be taken by any means.

(6) Fish and equipment and bait. Fishing is permitted only by use of one handheld rod and line.

(i) Only artificial flies or lures having one single hook may be used.

- (ii) The use or possession of any form of fish bait other than artificial flies or lures on any park stream while in possession of fishing tackle is prohibited.
- (7) Size limits. All trout or bass caught less than the legal length shall be immediatley returned unharmed to the water from which taken.
- (i) No trout or bass less than 7" in length may be retained.
 - (ii) No size limit on redeye (rockbass).
- (8) Possession limit. (i) Possession limit shall mean and include the number of trout, bass or redeye (rockbass)

caught in park waters which may be in possession, regardless of whether they are fresh, stored in ice chests, or otherwise preserved. A person must stop and desist from fishing for the remainder of the day upon attaining the possession limit.

- (ii) Five, fish, trout, bass, or redeye, or a combination thereof, is the maximum number which a person may retain in one day or be in possession of at any one time.
- (9) The superintendent may designate certain waters as Experimental Fish Management Waters and issue temporary and special rules regulating fishing use by posting signs and issuance of official public notification. All persons shall observe and abide by such officially posted rules pertaining to these specially designated waters.

Dated: June 24, 1983.

J. Craig Potter,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.

[FR Doc. 83-18087 Filed 7-5-83; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-70-M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[A-5-FRL 2343-1]

Approval and Promulgation of the Implementation Plans; Michigan

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rulemaking.

SUMMARY: EPA announces final rulemaking on revisions to the Michigan State Implementation Plan (SIP). These revisions approve Consent Orders for the following General Motors (GM) Corporation facilities: GM Buick Motor Division (SIP No. 08–1982); GM Fisher Body Division, Flint No. 1 (SIP No. 09–1982); and GM Chevrolet Truck Assembly (SIP No. 10–1982). These revisions extend the compliance date for surface coating operations at the facilities until December 31, 1987.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This action is effective September 6, 1983, unless notice is received within 30 days that someone wishes to submit adverse or critical comments.

ADDRESSES: Copies of these SIP revisions is available for inspection at:

The Office of the Federal Register, 1100 L Street NW., Room 8401, Washington, D.C. 20408 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Air Programs Branch, Region V, 230 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois 60604

Michigan Department of Natural
Resources, Air Quality Division, State
Secondary Government Complex,
General Office Building, 7150 Harris
Drive, Lansing, Michigan 48910.
Written comments should be sent to:
Gary Gulezian, Chief, Regulatory
Analysis Section, Air Programs Branch,
Region V, U.S. Environmental Protection
Agency, 230 South Dearborn Street,
Chicago, Illinois 60604.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Toni Lesser Regulatory Analysis
Section, Air Programs Branch, Region V,
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency,
230 South Dearborn Street, Chicago,
Illinois 60604, [312] 886–6037.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On September 8, 1982, the Michigan Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) submitted Consent Orders for the GM Corporation's Buick Motor Division; Fisher Body Division, Flint No. 1; and Chevrolet Truck Assembly as revisions to the Michigan SIP. The GM Corporation operates these three Automotive/Light Truck Assembly plants in the Flint, Michigan, area of Genesee County. The Genesee County area, including the City of Flint, is designated nonattainment for ozone.

Michigan's Rule 336.1603 requires individual sources to submit compliance schedules containing specified increments of progress, for achieving compliance with volatile organic compound (VOC) emission limits in Part 6 of the Commission's Rules. On May 6, 1980, (45 FR 29790) EPA conditionally approved R336.1603. The condition required the State to submit the individual compliance schedules to EPA as revisions to the SIP in order that the SIP conform to the requirements of 40 CFR 51.1(Q) and 51.15. Michigan's Rule 336.1610 contains interim and final VOC emission limits and dates for achieving those limits for various automobile plant coating operations.

Consent Orders No. 08–1982, 09–1982, and 10–1982 provide detailed compliance schedules as required by Michigan's R336.1603 for achieving the emission limits in 336.1610. These consent orders also would revise Rule 336.1610 by extending a number of the interim and final compliance dates for surface coating operations at the facilities. Final compliance dates are extended to no later than December 31, 1987. On November 29, 1982, MDNR submitted additional information describing the effect of these extensions on the attainment demonstration for

national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS) in the Flint area.

On October 20, 1981, EPA published a Policy Statement (46 FR 51386) to reduce the regulatory burden on the automotive industry. The policy established criteria whereby States would defer certain compliance dates for surface coating operations at automotive and light truck assembly plants. On March 10, 1983, MDNR submitted additional information related to the status of these Consent Orders under the policy statement criteria. Michigan's SIP revision complies with this Policy Statement.

Michigan's 1979 Ozone SIP projected the attainment of the ozone NAAQS to occur by December 31, 1982. An analysis of Michigan's data supporting this 1979 SIP indicate areawide emissions would be 14,000 tons per year below that required to produce attainment of the standard by 1982. The additional data supplied by Michigan on November 29, 1982, demonstrate that the compliance date extensions contained in Consent Orders No. 08-1982, 09-1982, and 10-1982 will allow only 4,180 tons of additional VOC emissions in 1982, and, therefore, these extensions do not interfere with the demonstration of attainment in the Flint area. Furthermore, areawide emissions are projected under the SIP to continue a downward trénd through 1987 insuring maintenance of the ozone NAAQS beyond 1982. Michigan's Consent Orders No. 08-1982, 09-1982, and 10-1982 for the GM facilities contain compliance schedules for prime operations; primer-surfacer operations; topcoat operations, and final repair operations. It should be noted that Michigan has changed the units with which they express their emission limits. The units have been changed from pounds per gallon of coating to pounds per gallon of applied coating solids.

Consent Order No. 08–1982 (Buick Motor Division) provides for the following schedule and emission limitations:

Prime Operations: Until December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 36.8 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. After December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 1.43 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids.

Primer—Surfacer Operations: Until December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not be conducted. After December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 14.9 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids.

Topcoat Operations: Until December 31, 1984, VOC emissions shall not exceed 48.1 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. After December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 14.9

pounds per gallon of applied coating solids.

Final Repair Operations: Until December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 135 pounds per gallon of applied coating, solids. After December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 34.3 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids.

Consent Order No. 09–1982 (Fisher Body Division, Flint No. 1) provides for the following schedule and emission limitations:

Prime Operations: Until December 31, 1983, VOC emissions shall not exceed 186 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. After December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 1.43 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids.

Primer—Surfacer Operations: Until December 31, 1983, VOC emissions shall not exceed 53.8 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. After December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 14.9 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids.

Topcoat Operations: Until December 31, 1984, VOC emissions shall not exceed 48.1 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. After December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 14.9 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids.

Final Repair Operations: Until December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 135 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. After December 31, 1987, VOC from repair coating operations shall not exceed 34.3 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids.

Consent Order No. 10–1982 (Chevrolet Flint Truck Assembly) provides for the following schedule and emission limitations:

Prime Operations: After December 31, 1981, VOC emissions shall not exceed 1.43 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. (Lines No. 1 and 2)

Primer—Surfacer Operations: Until December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 48.1 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. (Line No. 1) Until December 31, 1983, VOC emissions shall not exceed 48.1 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. (Line No. 2) After December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 14.9 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. (Line No. 1) After December 31, 1983, VOC emissions shall not exceed 14.9 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids (Line No. 2).

Topcoat Operations: Until December 31, 1983, VOC emissions shall not exceed 46.4 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. (Lines No. 1 and 2) After December 31, 1987, VOC emissions shall not exceed 14.9 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. (Line No. 1) After

December 31, 1983, VOC emissions shall not exceed 14.9 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. (Line No. 2)

Final Repair Operations: Until December 31, 1983, VOC emissions shall not exceed 46.4 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids. (Lines No. 1 and 2) After December 31, 1983, VOC emissions shall not exceed 34.3 pounds per gallon of applied coating solids (Lines No. 1 and 2).

In summary, EPA has reviewed Consent Orders No. 08-1982, 09-1982 and 10-1982 for the GM facilities described above, and finds the December 31, 1987, date extension to be consistent with the October 20, 1981, policy statement. EPA believes these extensions will ultimately result in more cost effective compliance and can be implemented without jeopardizing the attainment and maintenance of the ozone NAAQS by December 31, 1982. EPA also believes these consent orders assure continued compliance with the requirements of Sections 110 and 172 of the Clean Air Act. For these reasons, EPA approves these Consent Orders as revisions to the Michigan VOC SIP.

Because EPA considers today's action noncontroversial and routine, we are approving it today without prior proposal. The action will become effective on (60 days from the date of this notice). However, if we received notice by (30 days from the date of this notice) that someone wishes to submit critical comments, then EPA will publish: (1) A notice that withdraws the action, and (2) a notice that begins a new rulemaking by proposing the action and establishing a comment period.

The Office of Management and Budget

The Office of Management and Budge has exempted this rule from the requirements of Section 3 of Executive Order 12291.

Under 5 U.S.C. Section 605(b), I certify that SIP approvals do not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Under Section 307(b)(1) of the Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by 60 days from today. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements (See Section 307(b)(2).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Air pollution control, Ozone, Sulfur oxides, Nitrogen dioxides, Lead, Particulate matter, Carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons, Intergovernmental relations.

Note.—Incorporation by reference of the State Implementation Plan for the State of Michigan was approved by the Director of the Federal Register on July 1, 1982. This notice is issued under authority of (Sec. 110 of the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7410).)

Dated: June 28, 1983.

William D. Ruckelshaus,

Administrator.

Part 52 of Chapter I, Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

Subpart X-Michigan

1. Section 52.1170 is amended by adding paragraphs (c) (66), (67), and (68) as follows:

§ 52.1170 Identification of plan.

(c) * * *

(66) On September 8, 1982, the State of Michigan submitted as a State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision consent order No. 08–1982, between the General Motors, Buick Motor Division and the Michigan Air Pollution Control Commission. The Consent Order establishes a Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emissions compliance schedule as required under Michigan's Rule 336.1603 and 336.1610, and extends the final compliance date for surface coating operations until December 31, 1987. On November 29, 1982, and March 10, 1983, the State submitted additional information.

(67) On September 8, 1982, the State of Michigan submitted Consent Order No. 09-1982, between the General Motors, Fisher Body Division and the Michigan Air Pollution Control Commission as a State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision. The Consent Order establishes a Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emission compliance schedule as required under Michigan's Rule 336.1603 and 336.1610, and extends the compliance date for surface coating operations until December 31, 1987. On November 29, 1982, and March 10, 1983, the State submitted additional information.

(68) On September 8, 1982, the State of Michigan submitted as a State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision Consent Order No. 10–1982, between Chevrolet Truck Assembly and the Michigan Air Pollution Control Commission. The Consent Order establishes a Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) emission compliance schedule as required under Michigan's Rule 336.1603 and 336.1610, and extends the compliance date for surface coating operations until December 31, 1987. On November 29, 1982, and March 10, 1983,

the State submitted additional information.

[FR Doc. 83-18098 Filed 7-5-83; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-M

40 CFR Part 52

[A-5-FRL 2364-6]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; Illinois

AGENCY: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rulemaking.

SUMMARY: EPA announces direct final rulemaking on the Illinois State Implementation Plan (SIP) for Carbon Monoxide (CO). This rulemaking incorporates an October 27, 1982 Illinois Pollution Control Board (IPCB) Opinion and Order No. 82–88 into the SIP. This Order grants to B. F. Goodrich a variance from IPCB Rule 206(a) which governs CO emissions from fuel combustion sources. This variance is applicable to a Fluidized Bed Combustion (FBC) boiler proposed for B. F. Goodrich's Henry County, Illinois, facility.

This action will be effective September 6, 1983, unless notice is received within 30 days that someone wishes to submit adverse or critical comments.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This action is effective September 6, 1983.

ADDRESSES: Copies of this revision to the Illinois SIP are available for inspection at: The Office of the Federal Register, 1100 L Street NW., Room 8401, Washington, D.C. 20408.

Copies of the SIP revision, public comments on the notice of proposed rulemaking and other materials relating to this rulemaking are available for inspection at the following addresses: (It is recommended that you telephone Randolph O. Cano, at (312) 886–6035, before visiting the Region V Office.)

Environmental Protection Agency, Region V, Air Programs Branch, 230 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois 60604

Environmental Protection Agency,
Public Information Reference Unit, 401
M Street SW., Washington, D.C. 20460
Illinois Environmental Protection
Agency, Division of Air Pollution

Control, 2200 Churchill Road, Springfield, Illinois 62706.

Written comments should be sent to: Gary Gulezian, Chief, Regulatory Analysis Section, Air Programs Branch (5AP-26), Environmental Protection